

The Healthy Families Act

SEPTEMBER 2017

People should not have to make impossible choices between caring for their health and keeping a paycheck or job. Yet more than 37 million workers – 32 percent of the private sector workforce – are forced to make that decision when illness strikes because they cannot earn paid sick days.¹ Millions more workers cannot earn paid sick time they can use to care for a sick child or family member.² Some states and cities are doing better, but it is long past time for all working families to have the job and economic security paid sick days provide.

A Basic Workplace Standard

Sponsored by Rep. Rosa DeLauro (D-Conn.) and Sen. Patty Murray (D-Wash.), **the Healthy Families Act would set a national paid sick days standard – a critical step toward meeting the health and financial needs of working families.**

The Healthy Families Act would:

- ▶ Allow workers in businesses with 15 or more employees **to earn up to seven job-protected paid sick days each year** to be used to recover from their own illnesses, access preventive care, provide care to a sick family member, or attend school meetings related to a child’s health condition or disability. Workers in businesses with fewer than 15 employees would earn up to seven job-protected *unpaid* sick days each year to be used for the same reasons, unless their employers choose to offer paid sick days.
- ▶ Allow workers who are **survivors of domestic violence, stalking or sexual assault** to use their paid sick days to recover or seek assistance related to an incident.
- ▶ Include a **simple method for calculating accrued sick time**. Workers would earn a minimum of one hour of paid sick time for every 30 hours worked, up to 56 hours (seven days) per year, unless the employer selects a higher limit.
- ▶ **Allow employers to require certification** if an employee uses more than three paid sick days in a row. For survivors of domestic violence, the certification may be from a law enforcement officer or survivor advocate.
- ▶ **Allow employers to use their existing policies**, as long as they meet the minimums set forth in the Healthy Families Act for time, types of use and method of use, and give employers flexibility as to how they define a “year” for the purposes of sick time accrual.

Benefits for Families, Businesses, Health and the Economy

A national paid sick days standard would help working families meet their health and financial needs while boosting businesses’ productivity and retention rates and strengthening the economy.

- ▶ **Paid sick days provide families with economic security.** Workers without paid sick days jeopardize either their health or their families' financial stability when they or a loved one gets sick – and lower wage workers are most vulnerable. Nearly one-quarter of U.S. adults (23 percent) report they have lost a job or have been threatened with job loss for taking time off work due to illness or to care for a sick child or relative.³ One-quarter to one-half of domestic violence survivors report losing a job in part due to the violence.⁴ And workers who must take time away from work without pay often have to sacrifice their families' financial stability to do so. For a typical family without paid sick days, on average, 3.1 days of pay lost due to illness are equivalent to the family's entire monthly health care budget, and 3.5 days are equivalent to its entire monthly grocery budget.⁵
- ▶ **Paid sick days reduce community contagion.** Workers without paid sick days are more likely to report going to work with a contagious illness like the flu – and risk infecting others.⁶ Parents without paid sick days are more than twice as likely as parents with paid sick days to send a sick child to school or day care.⁷ Workers in jobs that require frequent contact with the public, including those in food preparation and service, personal home care and child care, are among the least likely to have paid sick days and the most likely to be unable to afford to take an unpaid day away from work.⁸
- ▶ **Paid sick days can decrease unnecessary health care costs.** People without paid sick days are about twice as likely to use emergency room care rather than typical medical care; parents without paid sick days are about five times more likely to take a sick child or family member to an emergency room rather than seek typical medical care.⁹ If all workers had paid sick days, 1.3 million emergency room visits could be prevented each year, saving \$1.1 billion annually. More than half of these savings – \$517 million – would go to taxpayer-funded health insurance programs such as Medicare and the State Children's Health Insurance Program.¹⁰

Working Families Need the Healthy Families Act

Paid sick days policies have been enacted successfully at the state and local levels and evidence shows they are working well, without adverse business or economic effects, but America's working families deserve a national standard. Nearly 40 jurisdictions nationwide have adopted paid sick days laws. Eighty-two percent of voters say it is important for Congress to consider new laws that would help address working families' economic security, including enacting laws to guarantee paid sick days.¹¹ Workers everywhere should have a fair shot at getting the care they need, caring for a child or assisting a parent. The Healthy Families Act would establish a much-needed national standard.

For more, visit **PaidSickDays.org**.

1 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. (2017, July 21). *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in the United States, March 2017*. (Table 6). Retrieved 4 September 2017, from <https://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/ebs2.pdf>

2 Ibid.

3 Smith, T.W., & Kim, J. (2010, June). *Paid Sick Days: Attitudes and Experiences*. National Opinion Research Center at the University of Chicago for the Public Welfare Foundation Publication. Retrieved 4 September 2017, from <http://www.nationalpartnership.org/research-library/work-family/psd/paid-sick-days-attitudes-and-experiences.pdf>

4 U.S. General Accounting Office, Health, Education, and Human Services Division. (1998, November). *Domestic Violence Prevalence and Implications for Employment among Welfare Recipients* (GAO/HEHS-99-12). Retrieved on 4 September 2017, from <http://www.gao.gov/archive/1999/he99012.pdf>

5 Gould, E., Filion, K., & Green, A. (2011, June 29). *The Need for Paid Sick Days*. Economic Policy Institute Publication. Retrieved 4 September 2017, from <http://www.epi.org/files/page/-/BriefingPaper319.pdf?nocdn=1>

6 Hill, H. D. (2013). Paid Sick Leave and Job Stability. *Work and occupations*, 40(2), 143-173.

7 See note 3.

8 Xia, J., Hayes, J., Gault, B., & Nguyen, H. (2016, February 17). *Paid Sick Days Access and Usage Rates Vary by Race/Ethnicity, Occupation, and Earnings*. Institute for Women's Policy Research Publication. Retrieved 4 September 2017, from <https://iwpr.org/publications/paid-sick-days-access-and-usage-rates-vary-by-raceethnicity-occupation-and-earnings/>

9 See note 3.

10 Miller, K., Williams, C., & Yi, Y. (2011, November 14). *Paid Sick Days and Health: Cost Savings from Reduced Emergency Department Visits*. Institute for Women's Policy Research Publication. Retrieved 4 September 2017, from <http://www.iwpr.org/publications/pubs/paid-sick-days-and-health-cost-savings-from-reduced-emergency-department-visits>

11 National survey of 1,200 voters conducted November 6-8, 2016 by Lake Research Partners and The Tarrance Group on behalf of the National Partnership for Women & Families. Retrieved 4 September 2017, from <http://www.nationalpartnership.org/research-library/work-family/lake-research-partners-election-eve-night-omnibus-survey-results-on-issues-of-importance-to-working-families.pdf>

The National Partnership for Women & Families is a nonprofit, nonpartisan advocacy group dedicated to promoting fairness in the workplace, access to quality health care and policies that help women and men meet the dual demands of work and family. More information is available at NationalPartnership.org.

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